



Versatile & bonds most materials



Flexible once cured



**Dries transparent** 



Toluene free formulation



# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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SDS No.: 323333

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Replaces version from:

25.03.2021

Pattex Contact Adhesive

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Pattex Contact Adhesive

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Contact adhesive

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel South Africa (PTY) Ltd. Cnr Bosworth & Potgieter St 1449 Alberton

South Africa

Phone: +27 (116172400)

ua-productsafety\_za@henkel.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

0800 202 202

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Flammable liquids Category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organ: Central nervous system

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



**Contains** acetone

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., <0.1% benzene

Ethyl acetate

Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Supplemental information EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Precautionary statement:** P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Solvents contained in the product evaporate during processing and their vapors can form explosive/highly inflammable air/vapor mixtures.

Pregnant women should absolutely avoid inhalation and skin contact.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## General chemical description:

Adhesive solution

#### Base substances of preparation:

Polychloroprene

Resin

in a mixture of organic solvents

#### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
acetone	200-662-2	20- 40 %	Flam. Liq. 2
67-64-1			H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H336
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.,	265-192-2	20- 40 %	Flam. Liq. 3
<0.1% benzene			H226
64742-89-8			Asp. Tox. 1
			H304
Ethyl acetate	205-500-4	20- 40 %	Flam. Liq. 2
141-78-6			H225
			STOT SE 3
			H336
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
zinc oxide	215-222-5	0,1-< 0,25 %	Aquatic Acute 1
1314-13-2			H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1
			H410

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information:

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

#### Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

### Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Skin care. Remove contaminated clothes immediately.

#### Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with soft jet of water or eye rinse solution for at least 5 minutes. If pains remain (intensive smarting, sensitivity to light, visual disturbance) continue flushing and contact/seek doctor or hospital.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Causes serious eye irritation.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media:

carbon dioxide, foam, powder, water spray jet, fine water spray

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

High pressure waterjet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released.

#### **5.3.** Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear protective equipment.

#### Additional information:

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Danger of slipping on spilled product.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust).

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

During processing and drying after adhesion, ventilate well. Avoid all sources of fire such as stoves and ovens. Switch off all electrical devices such as parabolic heaters, hot plates, storage heaters etc. in good time for them to have cooled down before commencing work. Avoid all sparks, including those occurring at electrical switches and devices.

Ventilate working rooms thoroughly. Avoid naked flames, sparking and sources of ignition. Switch off electrical devices. Do not smoke, do not weld. Do not empty waste into waste water drains.

Avoid skin and eye contact.

#### Hygiene measures:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container.

Close the container carefully after use and store it at a good ventilated place.

Store protected from heat influence.

Store frost-free.

Temperatures between + 5 °C and + 40 °C

Do not store together with food or other consumables (coffee, tea, tobacco, etc.).

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Contact adhesive

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

South Africa

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	750	1.780	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ZA REL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.560	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		ZA REL
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 [ETHYL ACETATE]	400	1.400	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ZA REL
Zinc oxide 1314-13-2 [ZINC OXIDE, FUME]		5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		ZA REL
Zinc oxide 1314-13-2 [ZINC OXIDE, FUME]		10	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		ZA REL

## $\label{eq:predicted} \textbf{Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):}$

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value		Remarks		
	Compar sment	periou	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
acetone	aqua		21 mg/l				
67-64-1	(intermittent						
	releases)						
acetone	sewage		100 mg/l				
67-64-1	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
acetone	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)		, ,				
acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l				
67-64-1	water)		,				
Ethyl acetate	aqua		0,24 mg/l				
141-78-6	(freshwater)		3,2 : 33.8				
Ethyl acetate	aqua (marine		0,024 mg/l				
141-78-6	water)		0,021118				
Ethyl acetate	aqua		1,65 mg/l				
141-78-6	(intermittent		1,00 1118/1				
	releases)						
Ethyl acetate	sewage		650 mg/l				
141-78-6	treatment plant		000000				
	(STP)						
Ethyl acetate	sediment				1,15 mg/kg		
141-78-6	(freshwater)				, , , ,		
Ethyl acetate	sediment				0,115		
141-78-6	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Ethyl acetate	Air				<u> </u>		no hazard identified
141-78-6							
Ethyl acetate	Soil				0,148		
141-78-6					mg/kg		
Ethyl acetate	oral				200 mg/kg		
141-78-6							
zinc oxide	aqua		0,0206				
1314-13-2	(freshwater)		mg/l				
zinc oxide	aqua (marine		0,0061				
1314-13-2	water)		mg/l				
zinc oxide	sewage		0,1 mg/l				
1314-13-2	treatment plant		3,2 228 2				
	(STP)						
zinc oxide	sediment				117,8		
1314-13-2	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
zinc oxide	sediment				56,5 mg/kg		
1314-13-2	(marine water)				2 2 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
zinc oxide	Soil				35,6 mg/kg		
1314-13-2					55,5 mg/kg		
zinc oxide	Air						no hazard identified
1314-13-2							

## **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local		2420 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure -		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	systemic effects  Long term exposure -		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure -		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		1468 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		1468 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		63 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		37 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		367 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		4,5 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		367 mg/m3	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		5 mg/m3	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		83 mg/kg	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		0,5 mg/m3	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2,5 mg/m3	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		83 mg/kg	no hazard identified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,83 mg/kg	no hazard identified

#### **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

#### 8.2. Exposure controls:

#### Respiratory protection:

The product should only be used at workplaces with intensive ventilation/extraction. If intensive ventilation/extraction is not possible then self-contained independent respiratory protection should be worn.

#### Hand protection:

Recommended are gloves made from Nitril rubber (Material thickness >0,1 mm, Perforation time < 30s). Gloves should be replaced after each short time contact or contamination. Available at laboratory specialized trade or at pharmacies / chemist's shops.

In the case of longer contact protective gloves made from butyl rubber are recommended according to EN 374. material thickness > 0.7 mm

Perforation time > 480 minutes

In the case of longer and repeated contact please note that in practice the penetration times may be considerably shorter than those determined according to EN 374. The protective gloves must always be checked for their suitability for use at the specific workplace (e.g. mechanical and thermal stress, product compatibility, antistatic effects, etc.). The gloves must be replaced immediately at the first signs of wear and tear. The information provided by the manufacturers and given in the relevant trade association regulations for industrial safety must always be observed. We recommend that a hand care plan is drawn up in cooperation with a glove manufacturer and the trade association in accordance with the local operating

## Eye protection:

conditions.

Goggles which can be tightly sealed.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

#### Skin protection:

Suitable protective clothing

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

#### Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid

yellowish, turbid of solvent, typical

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH No data available / Not applicable
Melting point No data available / Not applicable
Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable
Initial boiling point No data available / Not applicable
Flash point -22 °C (-7.6 °F); no method
Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable
Flammability No data available / Not applicable

Explosive limits

Odor

lower 2 %(V) upper 14,3 %(V)

Vapour pressure No data available / Not applicable Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 0,81 - 0,85 g/cm3

(20 °C (68 °F))

Bulk density No data available / Not applicable Solubility No data available / Not applicable

Solubility (qualitative) Miscible

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available / Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature No data available / Not applicable Decomposition temperature No data available / Not applicable

Viscosity 1.600 - 2.000 mPa.s

(; 25 °C (77 °F))

Viscosity (kinematic)

Explosive properties

No data available / Not applicable

Oxidising properties

No data available / Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

None if used for intended purpose.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None if used for intended purpose.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LD50	6.100 mg/kg	rat	not specified
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

## Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LD50	> 20.000 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

In the event of protracted or repeated exposure, damage to health cannot be excluded. The toxicity of the product is due to its narcotic effect after inhalation.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			time		
acetone	LC50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
67-64-1						
Ethyl acetate	LC0	> 22,5 mg/l	dust/mist	6 h	rat	other guideline:
141-78-6						
Ethyl acetate	LC50	> 22,5 mg/l	dust/mist	6 h	rat	other guideline:
141-78-6						
zinc oxide	LC50	> 5,7 mg/l	dust/mist	4 h	rat	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute
1314-13-2						Inhalation Toxicity)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1				
Ethyl acetate	slightly	24 h	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute
141-78-6	irritating			Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
zinc oxide	not irritating		rabbit	not specified
1314-13-2				

### Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	slightly irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
acetone	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1		test		
Ethyl acetate	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
141-78-6		test		
zinc oxide	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
1314-13-2		test		

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	ambiguous	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	oral: gavage		hamster, Chinese	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

## Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

## Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate	NOAEL P 1500 ppm	other:	inhalation	rat	other guideline:
141-78-6					

## STOT-single exposure:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

No substance data available.

## STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Route of	Exposure time /	Species	Method
CAS-No.		application	Frequency of		
			treatment		
acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water			Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Ethyl acetate	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral: gavage	90 d	rat	EPA OTS 795.2600
141-78-6			daily		(Subchronic Oral Toxicity
					Test)
zinc oxide	NOAEL 31,52 mg/kg	oral: feed	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
1314-13-2			daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
					Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

## Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

### 12.1. Toxicity

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-64-1					Acute Toxicity Test)
Ethyl acetate	LC50	220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	other guideline:
141-78-6					
zinc oxide	LC50	0,142 mg/l	96 h	Thymallus arcticus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
1314-13-2					Acute Toxicity Test)
zinc oxide	NOEC	0,44 mg/l	72 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	other guideline:
1314-13-2		_			

### Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	164 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia cucullata	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	EC50	1 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-64-1					magna, Reproduction Test)
Ethyl acetate	NOEC	2,4 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
141-78-6					magna, Reproduction Test)
zinc oxide	NOEC	0,058 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
1314-13-2		-			magna, Reproduction Test)

## Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	> 2.000 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOEC	2.000 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	NOEC	0,017 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
zinc oxide 1314-13-2	EC50	0,17 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1				-	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
Ethyl acetate	EC10	2.900 mg/l	18 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8
141-78-6				_	(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)
zinc oxide	IC50	5,2 mg/l	3 h	not specified	OECD Guideline 209
1314-13-2				•	(Activated Sludge,
					Respiration Inhibition Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure	Method
CAS-No.				time	
acetone	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination
67-64-1					of the "Ready"
					BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle
					Test)
Ethyl acetate	readily biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready
141-78-6					Biodegradability: Closed Bottle
					Test)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentratio n factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	30	3 d	22,5 °C	Leuciscus idus melanotus	other guideline:

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
acetone	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
67-64-1			Flask Method)
Ethyl acetate	0,68	25 °C	EPA OPPTS 830.7560 (Partition Coefficient, n-octanol / H2O, Generator
141-78-6			Column Method)

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	PBT / vPvB
acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Ethyl acetate	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
141-78-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
zinc oxide	According to Annex XIII of regulation (EC) 1907/2006 a PBT and vPvB assessment shall not
1314-13-2	be conducted for inorganic substances.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Use packages for recycling only when totally empty.

Waste code 080409

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number

ADR	1133
RID	1133
ADN	1133
IMDG	1133
IATA	1133

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	ADHESIVES
RID	ADHESIVES
ADN	ADHESIVES
IMDG	ADHESIVES
IATA	Adhesives

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	3
RID	3
ADN	3
IMDG	3
IATA	3

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR	II
RID	II
ADN	II
IMDG	II
IATA	II

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not app	licable
RID	not app	licable
ADN	not app	licable
	_	

IMDG Severe marine pollutant

IATA not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	Special provision 640D
	Tunnelcode: (D/E)
RID	Special provision 640D
ADN	Special provision 640D
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

No information available:

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation\_en.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

This Safety Data Sheet has been generated based on Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and it is applicable for Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and Africa only. No warranty or representation of any kind is given as to compliance with any statutory laws or regulations of any other jurisdiction or territory, including export laws and regulations. Please confirm that the information provided herein conforms to the substantive export or other law of any other jurisdiction prior to export. Please contact Henkel Product Safety and Regulatory affairs for additional assistance.

#### Dear Customer,

Henkel is committed to creating a sustainable future by promoting opportunities along the entire value chain. If you would like to contribute by switching from a paper to the electronic version of SDS, please contact the local Customer Service representative. We recommend to use a non-personal email address (e.g. SDS@your\_company.com).

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

### **Annex - Exposure Scenarios:**

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl acetate can be downloaded under the following link: https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection